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**MECHANICAL-PROPERTY DATA  
BERYLLIUM**

Cross-Rolled Sheet

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## BERYLLIUM SHEET (CROSS-ROLLED)

Beryllium is a light-weight, high-modulus metal that is advantageous for specific aerospace applications. Beryllium does not have the ductility of the more common light metals; however, current production of this material by powder metallurgical techniques results in a metal that can be used.

This material has limited formability at room temperature; however, formability is considerably increased at elevated temperature.

Brazing, mechanical joining, and welding techniques have been used to a limited extent in fabricating beryllium. For each method of joining, specific, detailed procedures must be followed.

Beryllium is available in vacuum-hot-pressed blocks, cross-rolled sheet, strip, plate, wire, and as extrusions and forgings.

Particles of beryllium and its compounds are toxic. Special precautions must be taken in that no inhalation occurs.

### **BERYLLIUM SHEET DATA<sup>(a)</sup>**

Condition: Cross-Rolled<sup>(b)</sup>

Thickness: 0.020-0.063 inch

Properties	Temperature, F			
	RT	400	600	800
<u>Tension</u>				
F <sub>tu</sub> (longitudinal), ksi	75.0	57.9	46.0	37.3
F <sub>tu</sub> (transverse), ksi	76.3	56.0	45.9	37.3
F <sub>ty</sub> (longitudinal), ksi	55.4	48.9	41.2	36.6
F <sub>ty</sub> (transverse), ksi	54.0	47.8	41.4	36.6
e <sub>t</sub> (longitudinal), percent in 1 in.	8	41	43	23
e <sub>t</sub> (transverse), percent in 1 in.	14	35	40	22
RA (longitudinal), percent	U <sup>(c)</sup>	U	U	U
E <sub>t</sub> (longitudinal), 10 <sup>6</sup> psi	43.1	39.8	36.8	31.3
E <sub>t</sub> (transverse), 10 <sup>6</sup> psi	41.6	40.2	36.1	31.6
<u>Compression</u>				
F <sub>cy</sub> (longitudinal), ksi	58.3	52.7	48.0	39.8
F <sub>cy</sub> (transverse), ksi	57.8	52.7	46.2	39.3
E <sub>c</sub> (longitudinal), 10 <sup>6</sup> psi	42.5	39.8	39.3	38.1
E <sub>c</sub> (transverse), 10 <sup>6</sup> psi	40.8	40.7	40.0	38.7
<u>Impact</u> (V-notch Charpy)	U <sup>(c)</sup>	U	U	U
<u>Fracture Toughness</u> (K <sub>IC</sub> ) <sup>(d)</sup>	(No pop-in) <sup>(d)</sup>	U	U	U
<u>Bend</u> , min. radius	(Fracture)	U	32T	10T

BERYLLIUM SHEET DATA (Continued)

Properties	Temperature, F			
	RT	400	600	800
<u>Shear</u>				
F <sub>su</sub> (longitudinal), ksi	34.8	U	U	U
F <sub>su</sub> (transverse), ksi	33.4	U	U	U
<u>Axial Fatigue (Transverse)</u>				
Unnotched, R = 0.1 <sup>(e)</sup>				
10 <sup>3</sup> cycles, ksi	76	57	58	U
10 <sup>5</sup> cycles, ksi	61	56	49	U
10 <sup>7</sup> cycles, ksi	50	43	40	U
K <sub>t</sub> = 3.0, R = 0.1				
10 <sup>3</sup> cycles, ksi	67	67	67	U
10 <sup>5</sup> cycles, ksi	33	31	27	U
10 <sup>7</sup> cycles, ksi	28	20	17	U
<u>Creep (Transverse)</u>				
0.5% elongation 100 hr, ksi	NA <sup>(c)</sup>	43	42	20
0.5% elongation 1000 hr, ksi	NA	42	40	15
<u>Stress Rupture (Transverse)</u>				
Rupture 100 hr, ksi	NA	48	42	27
Rupture 1000 hr, ksi	NA	44	39	20
<u>Stress Corrosion</u>				
80% F <sub>ty</sub> , 1000 hr max.	(No cracks) <sup>(f)</sup>	U	U	U
<u>Coefficient of Thermal Expansion,</u>				
in./in./F				
(77-212 F) 6.4 x 10 <sup>6</sup> (g)				
(77-800 F) 8.3 x 10 <sup>6</sup> (h)				
Density, lb/in. <sup>3</sup>	0.066(g)			

(a) Values are from tests conducted at Battelle under the subject contract unless otherwise indicated. In most cases values are average of triplicate test. Fatigue, creep, and stress-rupture values are from data curves generated using the results of a greater number of tests.

(b) All specimens etched: 20 percent nitric acid, 1 percent sulfuric acid by volume, water balance (temperature 80-90 F) to remove any surface damage or residual stresses caused by machining.

(c) NA, not applicable; U, unavailable.

(d) Fatigue cracked center notched specimen 3 x 12 inch. Fracture data not reliable - specimens failed at grip ends and in belt holes.

(e) "R" represents algebraic ratio of the minimum stress to the maximum stress in one cycle, that is,  $R = \frac{\sigma_{min}}{\sigma_{max}}$ . "K<sub>t</sub>" represents Neuber-Petersen theoretical stress concentration factor.

(f) Alternate immersion, 3-1/2 percent NaCl, 3-point loading bend test.

(g) Values from Reference (1).

(h) Values from Reference (2).

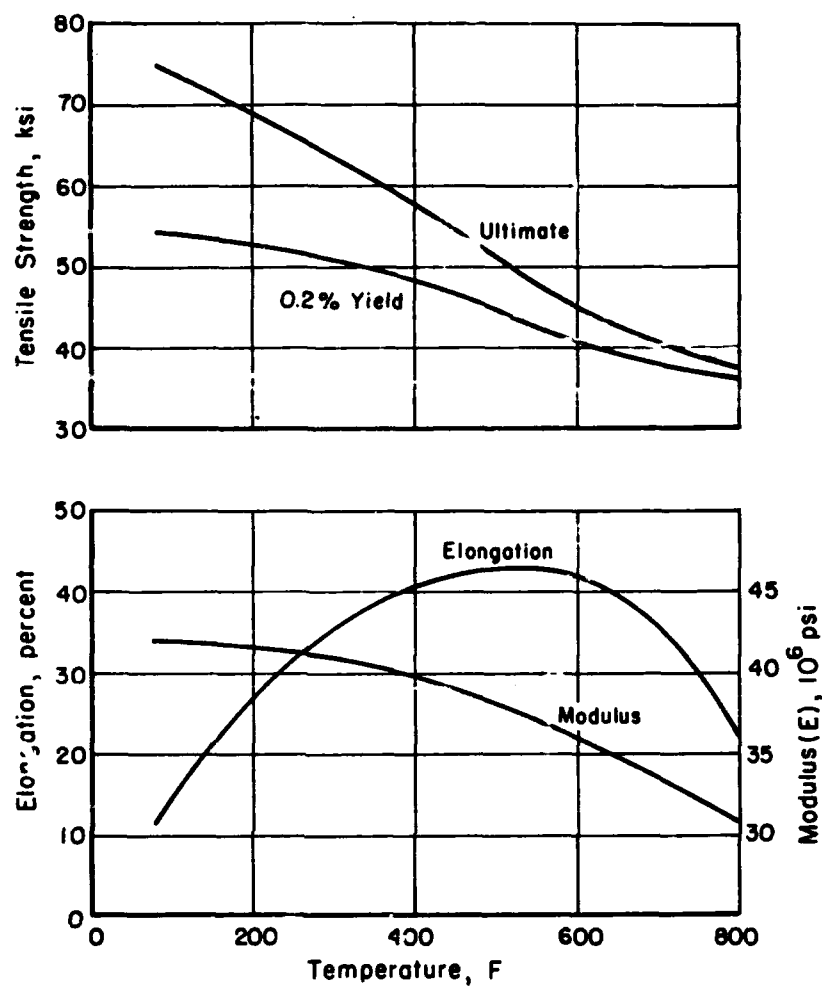


FIGURE 1. EFFECT OF TEMPERATURE ON THE TENSILE PROPERTIES OF CROSS-ROLLED BERYLLIUM SHEET

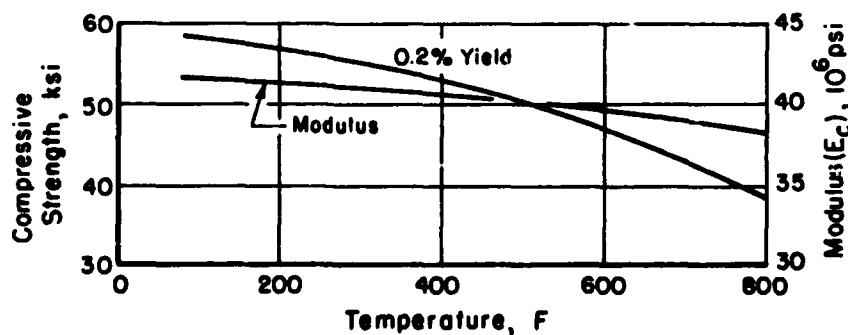


FIGURE 2. EFFECT OF TEMPERATURE ON THE COMPRESSIVE PROPERTIES OF CROSS-ROLLED BERYLLIUM SHEET

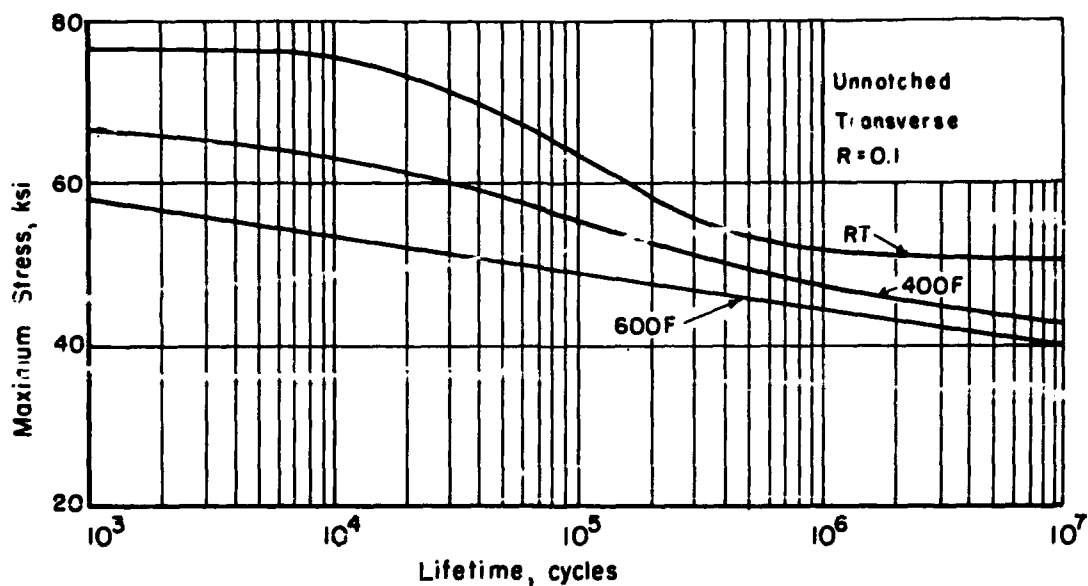


FIGURE 3. AXIAL-LOAD FATIGUE RESULTS FOR CROSS-ROLLED BERYLLIUM SHEET

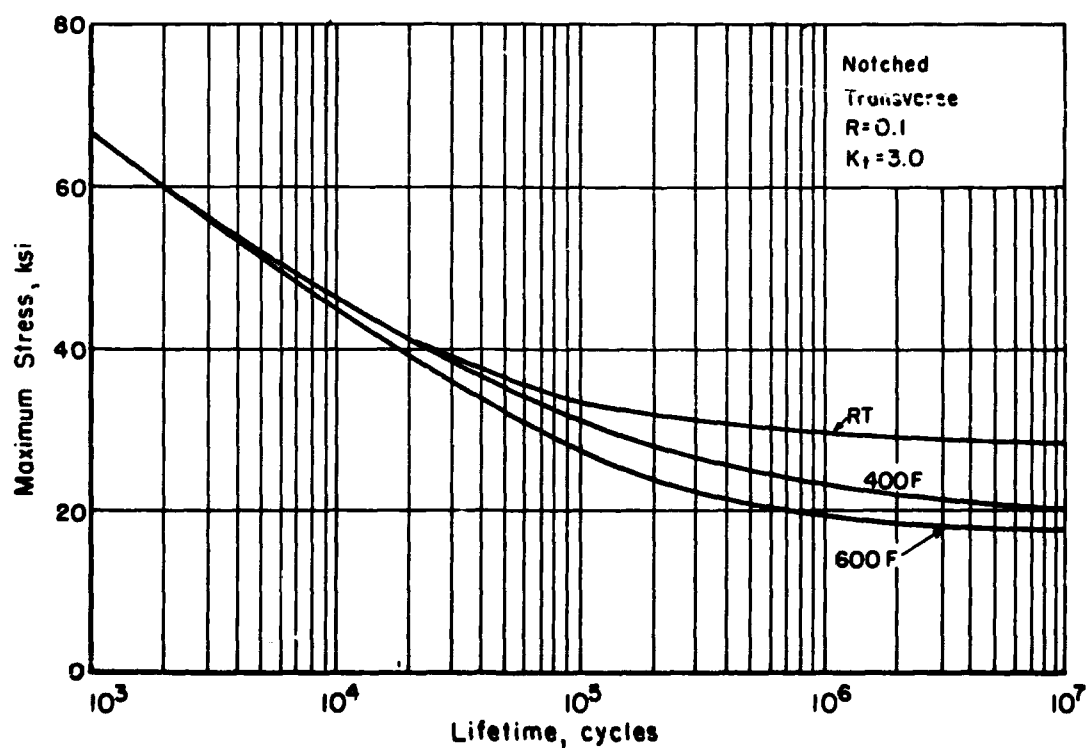


FIGURE 4. AXIAL-LOAD FATIGUE RESULTS FOR NOTCHED ( $K_t = 3.0$ ) CROSS-ROLLED BERYLLIUM SHEET

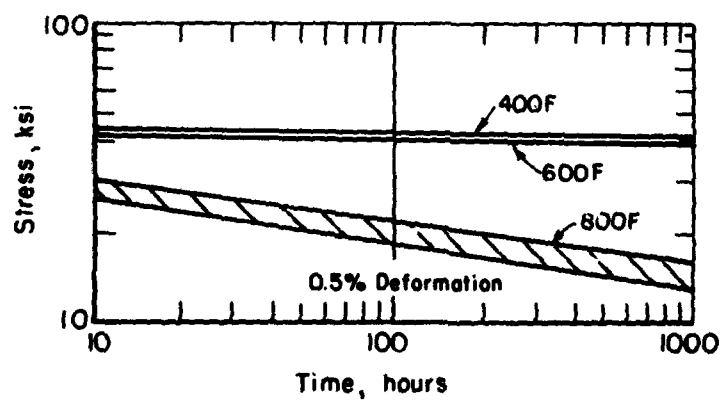
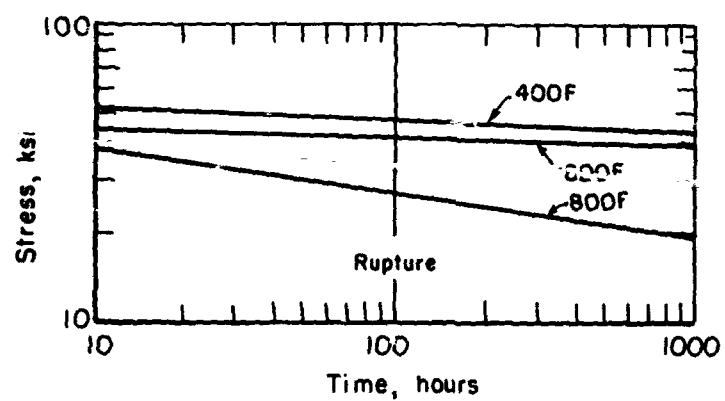


FIGURE 5. STRESS-RUPTURE AND 0.5% DEFORMATION CURVES FOR CROSS-ROLLED BERYLLIUM SHEET



#### REFERENCES

- (1) "Metallic Materials and Elements for Aerospace Vehicle Structures", MIL-HDBK-5A (February 8, 1966).
- (2) "Beryllium Properties and Products", Bulletin 2100, The Beryllium Corporation (September, 1965).